



SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1904.

There was manifest disappointment on the part of some people in this city on Thursday night last when it was definitely ascertained that a negro arrested for murdering a white man and stealing \$150 had been removed from this city and securely lodged in the Alexandria county jail. The majority of Alexandrians, however, breathed easier when it was known that the city was not to be further disgraced by the scenes of 1897 and 1899, when irresponsible mobs took the law into their own hands and brutally lynched their victims. Such scenes are blots upon the city's history, and the blood will not out in years to come. There are certain cases when much can be said in extenuation of lynch law, but when mobs form every time a murder is committed or one is attempted or a felonious assault made it is time for the authorities to take a firm stand. Many in Alexandria (especially among the young) are apt scholars in imitating the thoughtless of other places, and in recent years there has been an evident increase in the thirst for blood upon the part of such. The assault of last Wednesday night was of a heinous nature, and the fiend who committed it will doubtless be given the full penalty of the law, and in the meantime all calling themselves good citizens should suspend judgment. Should this fever for lawlessness continue to grow there is no telling where it will stop, and the time may come when whites as well as blacks arrested on serious charges will be regarded as the legitimate prey of mobs. It is time for certain people to realize the fact that they live in a civilized country when law and order should be sacred. If they show no inclination to abide by the laws of the land the officers should enforce obedience, and during excitement, which was in evidence Thursday night, the police should take in custody such people as talk of lynching or whose words tend in any way toward suggesting a breach of the peace. Often officers of the law listen to the ravings of such people without performing their sworn duty.

THE FIRST democratic primary election since the adoption of the new constitution will be held in this city on Monday next. As candidates for Mayor, Aldermen and Common Councilmen are to be selected. As is often said on such occasions by those having the interests of the party at heart, it is hoped the affair will pass off quietly and devoid of friction. There are really no vital issues to be considered. Candidates for Mayor need no introduction to the voters of the city. They are both good democrats, and the choice lies between the two—only this and nothing more. The candidates for the two branches of the City Council are also well-known citizens. Twenty-four are to be selected from the list. It is for the intelligent voter to exercise good judgment in his selections. As there are rival candidates in the field and as but twenty-four can be chosen, it is hoped that those whose services may be declined will show no resentment. There is no material issue between the several candidates, although some persist in dandling rag babies. It is safe to say that those who may be selected will do all possible for the city's good, while there is every reason to believe that those whose services will not be needed would be equally as zealous had they the opportunity.

DISPATCHES from Thibet show that the English are again in trouble. The Thibetans have taken the offensive against the British mission camp at Gyantse and are steadily bombarding the camp at that place with cannon. Another large gathering of Thibetans is reported from the Rong Valley, and, although the British communications in the rear are still open, the mission is practically besieged. England has just emerged from a long, bloody and costly war with the Boers which severely taxed her strength and resources. The trouble with the Thibetans may also be prolonged and cost England many millions of pounds and innumerable lives before the little country can be made to submit to the British.

MICHAEL ANDER, a retired mechanic of Wilkesbarre, Pa., has patented a coal brick, one which, according to his statement, makes a better and more lasting fuel than the ordinary anthracite coal. The brick is made mainly of cinnabar, plain, unused mine dirt—and will cost very little for a ton, perhaps 50 cents. Should this discovery prove a success, its beneficial effect will be felt and appreciated by the people throughout the entire country.

A settlement of the miners' strike, which is now on, which takes in all of eastern Ohio and part of West Virginia, can be looked for in the next few days. At the headquarters of the Ohio mine workers, Secretary Savage stated that a number of operators in the two districts had signed agreements and he expected the trouble would be soon settled.

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., May 14.

The Employers' Association, of Toronto, Canada, has adopted the European method of binding apprentices and is doing all in its power to spread the system. The members of the association claim that the young men of the present day do not attain the thorough, practical training characteristic of British tradesmen, and unless a determined effort is made the crafts of the Dominion will become depleted of good workmen. The new apprenticeship indenture adopted by the association contains a clause binding the young man to "well and faithfully serve the employer, his heirs, assigns, and lawful commands and those of his foreman and other superior officers at all times obey, and shall give and devote to the employer his whole time and labor, and he will not during the time of employment join or become a member of any society that claims or attempts to control his actions." The employer retains \$25 a year of the apprentice's wages as a guaranty of good behavior.

Minister Conger at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, cables the State Department that an English ship has been stopped by the government at Manolas on the Amazon river. She had been discovered to be carrying 260 cases of ammunition for Peru. The position of treasurer of the Panama Canal Commission has been tendered Rear Admiral A. S. Kenny, U. S. N., retired, and has been accepted. A decision upon the secretaryship may be made at the next meeting of the directors. Major Legrande, a surgeon in the regular army, was selected today to take charge of the hospital at Panama. Charles Walker is preparing to send five more engineering parties to the isthmus. There is a great demand for stenographers and typewriters, but they must be able to read French and Spanish.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES
Miss Caroline James, the New York society girl who was thrown from her horse, in Richmond, yesterday afternoon, died at 10:30 this morning in the home of W. S. Forbes, whose family she was visiting, without regaining consciousness. Her body will be taken to New York for burial.

Wilson Foster is at Victoria, B. C., on route to the St. Louis Fair from Klondike with the richest gold and jewel exhibit on record from any camp, including diamonds from Klondike river. Mr. Foster says there are diamonds in the Klondike and many people are there prospecting for them.

A spark from a cigarette set fire to the automobile of A. B. Chadbourne in New Brunswick, N. J., last night, while the tank was being filled with gasoline. The firemen had to be called out to put out the flames. This is the first long distance trip of Chadbourne who has as his guest R. C. Broadbent. The auto is undergoing repairs today.

Domenico Deferro, 25 years old, of Paterson, N. J., was arrested last evening on board the White Star line steamship Romanic at Boston on a charge of the murder of Henry English, in Paterson, N. J., on May 2nd. He was found hidden in the forecabin of the steamer, which sails today for Mediterranean ports.

In compliance with a request from Mrs. W. S. Willis, of Covington, Va., the active pallbearers at her funeral Friday were six negro men, former slaves or sons of former slaves owned by the family, whose devotion to their old mistress has stood the test of time and emancipation. The honorary pallbearers were from among the most prominent men in town.

Mail advices received at Vancouver, B. C., state that five men were killed and eaten recently by the cannibals on Admiralty Island, in the South Seas. The British warship Condor was sent to the scene and set fire to the village, where the cannibals resided. The Condor's officers threatened to annihilate the village if the authorities did not hand over the cannibals to them for punishment. This was done, and the cannibals were shot.

By using chloroform to keep the occupants of the home of Isaac Horowitz asleep, in Wilkesbarre, Pa., burglars took a pair of trousers from under Mr. Horowitz's pillow which contained \$600 in cash, and \$300 in railroad checks. The thieves gained an entrance through a window and went directly to Mr. Horowitz's bedroom and applied chloroform to his nose. About the same time of the robbery in the home of Mr. Horowitz, three other burglaries were committed in the immediate neighborhood.

Exemptions.
The following order, just issued by the State corporation commission exempts from the provisions of the demurrage law the small landings on the navigable rivers of the State:
It is ordered, That so much of said rule III, as requires notice to consignee of the arrival of shipments, be suspended as to all steamboats and steamship companies and lines, except in the case of shipments consigned to and arriving at the following cities, towns and places in Virginia: Richmond, Alexandria, Fredericksburg, Petersburg, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Newport News, and West Point; provided that no wharfage, storage or demurrage charges are to be made on shipments coming within the suspension prescribed by this order.

New York Stock Market.
New York, May 14.—11 a. m.—The stock market today was irregular on only a moderate volume of business. Efforts to depress prices were in evidence and met with moderate success. There was little coherence in the speculation, however, and the liquidation which took place was largely of a scattering and professional character. Support appeared to be extended only on concessions outside of the especially manipulated stocks.

Georgetown, May 14.—Wheat 95 1/2, 100.

News of the Day.

Secretary Taft has appointed a commission to formulate regulations for the conduct of the business of the Isthmian Canal Commission.

The Illinois republican convention at Springfield was marked by scenes of great disorder and adjourned yesterday until today without nominating a candidate for governor.

An explosion of sawdust yesterday in the furnace of the Day Lumber Company's mill, in Portland, Ore., started a fire which destroyed property valued at \$250,000.

Alfred Smith Hatch, twice president of the New York Stock Exchange, and at one period one of the leading financiers in Wall street, died at Tarrytown yesterday.

The charges of heresy against the Garrett Biblical Institute and the Boston School of Theology caused a lively debate at the Methodist General Conference, in Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday.

There are rumors in New York and Washington that the Hearst-Bryan delegates to the democratic national convention will bolt if Parker is nominated. These reports are not believed, however, by many of the leading democrats.

Alfred M. Powell, husband of Mary A. Powell who was sentenced to imprisonment for life for the murder of Estella Albini, her foster daughter, was arrested in Dover, Del., yesterday on the charge of immoral conduct with Georgianna Ford, a 13-year-old girl employed on the Powell farm.

Worth \$4,000,000 herself and with \$9,300,000 in gold bars and specie in her strong room and \$1,000,000 in cargo, the French liner La Lorraine as she sailed from New York on Thursday was the most valuable ship which has ever sailed from any port in the world's history. Her destination is Havre.

The controversy between Col. O. G. Staples, proprietor of the National Hotel, in Washington, and the District of Columbia officials, relative to the granting of licenses to Col. Staples for a hotel and for a bar room in the hotel, has been amicably settled and all legal proceedings thus far begun have been discontinued.

Virginia News.

The State Bank of Mineral is to open a branch at Louisa.

Colonel George Cunningham died yesterday morning in his home in Richmond aged 69 years.

Hamilton Hovey, a Massachusetts millionaire, dropped dead in the Hotel Chamberlain Old Point Comfort.

While blasting at a lime quarry at Tom's Brook, Shenandoah county, a large cave was discovered yesterday.

Henry Hanrahan, a Nansemond county rural mail carrier, was yesterday fined \$200 for selling whisky on his route.

Col. Robert E. Lee, jr., of Fairfax, was the orator at the Confederate memorial exercises in Portsmouth yesterday and made a fine address.

The 27 London delegates to the democratic State convention will be elected in district meetings on Saturday, May 28, at 2 o'clock.

A mass meeting was held in Leesburg on Tuesday night to devise plans to procure the new State normal school which is to be established in this State.

Charles N. Armstrong, constable for Cedar Run district, in lower Fauquier county, who suffered a paralytic stroke a few nights ago, died from its effects on Thursday.

T. L. Drury, who shot Parks G. Meisenheimer in his home about a month ago, was in Norfolk last night found guilty of murder and was given a year in the penitentiary. Drury's thirteen-year-old daughter alleged that Meisenheimer had attempted to assault her.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Rolfe Millar, of Front Royal, have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Susan Bertha Millar, to Lieutenant Rudolph Otto Maximilian Rutherford, of the German army. The wedding will take place May 17th in Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church.

The Conference of Charities and Correction will meet in Norfolk on the 17th, 18th, and 19th. The conference wishes to create a kindly sentiment throughout the State towards the organization, which, they think, is destined to do much good—in fact, has done good. An interesting programme has been arranged and a number of interesting addresses will be delivered.

The fortieth anniversary celebration of the battle of Newmarket was fittingly observed there yesterday under the auspices of the Woman's Memorial Society and the Neff-Rice Camp of Confederate veterans. Fully 600 visitors attended. There was a liberal display of Confederate and United States flags. Charles Bonnick, son of a deceased Stonewall Brigade veteran, delivered an eloquent address at the meeting in the Opera House.

A woman has appeared in the Wentz case, strengthening the theory of suicide. It is alleged that Miss Cornelia Brookmyre, of St. Louis, had been engaged to the young man, but that the engagement had been broken at the instance of the parents of Wentz. That Wentz still cherished a deep affection for his former sweetheart is shown by the fact that he made a will and named her as one of the beneficiaries. The estate left by the young general manager of the Virginia Coal and Iron Company is estimated to be worth \$100,000.

Shot Woman.

Fred Schutz, son of Henry Schuetz, jr., of the Schuetz & Renzhausen Company, brewers, of Pittsburgh, last night shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Minnie McCormick, and then fatally shot himself. Young Schuetz was named as co-respondent in a divorce suit brought by Mrs. McCormick's husband some time ago, and since then has been attentive to the woman, and it is said wanted to marry her. She, however, would not agree to this, and the shooting last night is supposed to have resulted from a quarrel over the matter. The couple met on a street car, and when Mrs. McCormick reached her home in Allegheny she was followed from the car by Schuetz, who fired, "Well, we will end it here," and fired, the bullet entering the woman's left side near the heart. She collapsed, and Schuetz, thinking she was dead, shot himself in the abdomen twice. He is dying at the hospital. Mrs. McCormick, though seriously wounded, will probably recover.

Today's Telegraphic News

FAIL OF PORT ARTHUR?
Paris, May 14.—An unconfirmed rumor is in circulation here that Port Arthur has fallen, with a loss of 10,000 men in the engagement.

Paris May 14.—A special addition of the newspaper La France prints a telegram from St. Petersburg reiterating the rumor that Port Arthur has fallen.

The telegram adds: "The port fell after fierce fighting in which it is estimated that over 10,000 were killed. The news is concealed in official circles, though a personal friend of an officer of the general staff is reported to have said that consternation is painted on the faces of all the government officials."

London, May 14.—The Newchwang correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company wires that a rumor has reached there of an engagement between the Russian and Japanese forces near Liaoyang.

London, May 14.—The Seoul, Korea, correspondent of the Central News reports that 2,000 Cossacks have reached Kiyung (Y) in the province of Ham-Kyong, northeastern Korea. He further reports that a body of Cossacks have routed a band of Chinese bandits at Sho-San, a few miles south of the Yalu. Japanese gendarmes are reported to have gone to quell disturbances which have arisen along the line of the Seoul-Pusan railway.

Tokio, May 14.—The Japanese have occupied Kuan-Lian-San, sixty miles north of Feng-Huang-Cheng. Three hundred Russian cavalry were dispersed, leaving one wounded officer on the field.

Washington, May 14.—The Japanese legation this morning received the following advice from Tokio: "General Koruki, commander of the First Army Corps, reports that on May 7 a detachment of our troops occupied Kuan-tien-cheng. On May 11 another infantry detachment pursued the enemy's cavalry which was retreating from Shue-hai-chan and captured two privates and one lieutenant, the latter the son of a general."

Parades in New York.
New York, May 14.—Three interesting events this afternoon drew hundreds of thousands of people from their work and homes. The event first in importance was the firemen's parade. It consisted of nearly 1,000 men, and about half of the city's fire apparatus. Chief Croker led the way up Broadway to the World's monument, where they were reviewed by Mayor McClellan, and other city officials. The firemen received a continuous ovation, from the crowds along Broadway.

The second event was the Speedway parade. Three thousands of lovers of horses assembled to see the trotters, the pacers and the turnouts. At the conclusion of the parade there will be eleven trotting and pacing events. General Nelson A. Miles and Police Commissioner McAdoo will lead the parade. Six hundred horses and rigs will be in line.

The last event, but not the least in point of interest, is the formal opening of the Coney Island season. "Dreamland" will be opened and Luna Park with many new attractions will be presented.

Wireless Telegraphy.
New York, May 14.—Signor Marconi, the inventor of the wireless telegraph, was a passenger on the steamship Campanian, which arrived today. The inventor announced that he had demonstrated the possibility of keeping a steamship in communication with land throughout the entire voyage. Marconi said that during the trip over he had kept in communication with the station at Poldhu until 1,700 miles from Liverpool. Since this is over half the distance from Liverpool to New York, it would be very simple to pick up communication with a station at Cape Cod, after Poldhu had been lost. On his return trip Marconi said he would experiment sending messages to Cape Cod as he did with the Poldhu station. Marconi said that he had made an arrangement with the Cunard line to furnish about 200 words daily for a newspaper to be published on each of the vessels of the line.

Illinois Republicans.
Springfield, Ill., May 14.—A conference of Yates men was held about 10 o'clock. The governor told them he had refused to sell out. At 10:57 Speaker Cannon called for order and ordered every one off the main floor except the delegates. A big force of police is stationed on the chairman's platform.

There may be hell here this morning," said the Chair, and I don't propose that any one shall be hurt."

The 17th ballot resulted: Yates, 485; Lowden, 407; Deenen, 379; Hamlin, 109; Warner, 35; Sherman, 51; Pierce, 34. The 18th ballot showed no material changes.

On the sixteenth ballot DeKalb county herefore in the Yates column changes its 25 votes to Lowden.

Shipments of Gold.
New York, May 14.—Additional engagements of \$2,000,000 gold were made this morning at the Assay Office for export on Tuesday. This makes a total of \$10,000,000 to be shipped to Paris on that day, and completely exhausts the supply of gold bars at the Assay Office for the present. Five million dollars in gold bars were exported on today's steamer. When the amount engaged for shipment Tuesday is sent a total of \$50,000,000 in gold will have been exported since April when the movement began. Foreign Exchange experts say that the movement is only half over.

Panic at a Funeral.
Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 14.—While the funeral of Peter A. Caszi, of Duryea, was en route to the Market street cemetery, Pittston, this morning, the horses attached to the hearse, shied and went over a thirty foot embankment, wrecking the hearse and throwing out the body and coffin. The undertaker, Geary Dill, jumped and escaped, but the driver, John Vanluven, went down with the outfit and was injured. The accident caused a panic among the mourners and the funeral party was broken. The body was placed in a trolley car and taken to the cemetery.

The Spanish minister to Cuba has presented a demand on the Havana and other Cuban municipalities for the immediate payment of indebtedness incurred prior to the Spanish evacuation of the island. The claims include pro rata military requisitions which the commandants and merchants throughout the island had honored for the supplying of General Weyler's troops.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Columbia and Peru it is announced have agreed to appoint Spain as the arbitrator for the arranging for the boundary questions in dispute between the two countries.

It is reported in Constantinople that 300 Turks and 900 Armenians have been killed in a fight in the Sassoun district of Armenia. Fighting has been reported in that district on several occasions lately.

The government of Panama has notified American Consul Skinner that an order has been promulgated prohibiting the immigration of Syrians and Turks on the isthmus. The order resulted from the fact that a large number of Levantines have arrived at Marseilles intending to go to Panama.

A dispatch from Rome says that Cardinal Gotti, prefect of the propaganda, has ordered Secretary of the Propaganda Vecchia and Secretary Extraordinary of the Congregation Gasparri to supply Cardinal Satolli with all the latest data of American and Philippine questions preparatory to the visit of Satolli to the United States.

King Peter, of Serbia, and Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, met in Nisch, Serbia, today, accompanied by their respective foreign ministers. It is reported that a Serbo-Bulgarian entente is liable to result from the meeting. It is also reported that Turkey and Montenegro are conducting negotiations for an important treaty between the two countries.

The Potsdammer Correspondenz, of Berlin, a paper inspired by palace circles, states that the king and queen of Italy will visit the Kaiser at Potsdam during the summer. The German press interprets this as a proof that Italy's entente with France and England was not affected, as report had it, and further that Germany's relations with Italy prove that the alleged isolation of Germany is unfounded.

The imperial entourage has lately been scandalized by the number of practical jokes which have lately been played on the Czar of Russia. For example, one night his majesty's bed was filled with cheap ikons and buttons cut from his own uniforms. This prank was followed by others equally as harmless, but annoying. Finally, his majesty's writing desk was found covered with toy Japanese soldiers. This last was so pronounced a case of lese majeste that a most careful investigation was made which with the result that the culprit was discovered. He is a page in the palace whose mind had been unbalanced by the excitement incident to the war.

The Baptists.
The forty-ninth annual session of the Baptist convention opened in Nashville yesterday in the Union Gospel Tabernacle, Gov. J. P. Eagle, of Arkansas, presiding.

Professor S. C. Mitchell, of Richmond College, read a memorial from the Virginia general association on "The Negro Problem," asking that the convention consider it. The North Carolina convention sent, through its secretary, Dr. Johnson, a similar resolution, with the statement that North Carolina was always ready to do everything possible to uplift the colored race.

The memorial advocates the appointment of a committee to study the negro problem and determine what methods the Baptists should adopt to aid in the uplifting and welfare of the race. Both papers were referred to a committee.

Dr. Van Ness reported for the Sunday school and Bible board \$100,000 contributed last year. Their \$60,000 property is "a thing of beauty" and greatly advances the work, having all modern equipments. They print papers, books and tracts there. The assets were \$4,000 in 1892, but are now \$118,000.

Episcopal Council.

The Virginia council will meet in St. James' Church, Richmond, beginning Wednesday, May 18. The special services in connection with the council meeting will be as follows:

Wednesday, 10 a. m., morning prayer, council sermon and holy communion; 8:15 p. m., meeting in interest of diocesan missions.

Thursday, 11 a. m., morning prayer and address by Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil, on his work; 8:15 p. m., evening prayer and address by Dr. A. S. Lloyd, of the board of managers.

Friday, 11 a. m., morning prayer.

An Open Letter.

From the Chapin, S. C. News: Early in the spring my wife and I were taken with diarrhoea and so severe were the pains that we called a physician who prescribed for us, but his medicine failed to give any relief. A friend who had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand gave each of us a dose and we at once felt the effects. I procured a bottle and before using the entire contents we were entirely cured. It is a wonderful remedy and should be found in every household. H. C. Bailey, Editor. This remedy is for sale by Richard Gibson and W. F. Creighton & Co.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice up to May 7, 1904.

Acree, John W.	Kendall, J. W.
Allen, Daniel	Lee, Miss Mary
Brown, Mrs. Nancy	Leon, E. D.
Beckett, Smith	McGuire, Sam
Caldwell, J. M.	McLafferty, S. B.
Deas, Edith	Mackey, Jeff
Farmer, Thomas	Southard, Preston
Goadby, W. H.	Taylor, Norman H.
Harrison, Sanders	Thompson, Miss Mattie
Harrison, Alloe G.	Westin, G. A.
Iseman, Gordon	Yonng, Samuel R.

JOSEPH L. CREPPER, P. M.

World's Fair, St. Louis, Mo., May-November, 1904.

On account of the above occasion, effective April 25, 1904, the Southern Railway will place on sale, daily, tickets at extremely low rates from Alexandria, Va., to St. Louis, Mo., and return, via Charlottesville, C. & O. Railway, Louisville and Southern Railway. The round trip rate from Alexandria for season ticket is \$12.50; for sixty-day limit ticket \$8, and for fifteen-day limit ticket \$2.50. For full information as to schedules, sleeping car accommodations, illustrated literature, etc., address any agent or W. G. LEHUE, Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.

L. S. BROWN, General Agent, S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

OTTERBURN LITHIA WATER.—This water is indicated in all affections due to Uric Acid, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Stone in the Bladder, Kidneys or Liver, Bright's Disease and Kidney Diseases of every form. For sale by

WARKFIELD & HALL, Cor. Prince & Fairfax Sts. Sole Agents. ZEST.—Another supply of Zest received May 13th by J. C. MILBURN.

DRY GOODS.

Lansburgh & Bro.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

COMFORTABLE LIGHT WEIGHT

UNDERWEAR.

We offer Knit Underwear for Women and Children—perfect in fit, just right in quality, and just right in price.

Women's Extra Size Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants, in white or natural color, lace trimmed or plain. 38c value. For one 25c each.

Women's Swiss Ribbed Combination Suits; low neck, no sleeves, knee length, lace trimmed. 75c value. For one day, 48c each.

Women's Summer-weight Wool Gown Vests and Pants, in white or natural color. \$1.25 value. For one day, each 98c.

Children's Little Thread Ribbed Combination Suits; high neck, with long or short sleeves; ankle or knee length. Also low neck, no sleeves; knee length, all sizes. 75c value, for one day, each 48c.

Women's Combination Suits of Jersey-fitting little thread; high neck, with long or short sleeves; ankle or knee length. Also low neck, with short or no sleeves—in white or ecru color. 75c and \$1.00 values. 50c for one day, each.

Lansburgh & Bro., 420 to 426 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Official.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Alexandria, Va., held May 13, 1904, there were present:

John T. Sweeney, esq., President, and Messrs. Burke, Marbury, Ballenger, Curtin and W. H. Sweeney.

The report of the Finance Committee recommending an appropriation of \$1,300 for the purpose of continuing the public schools to the end of the regular session, received from the Common Council at the last meeting, and laid over, was adopted by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs. Burke, Marbury, Ballenger, Curtin and Mr. President—5. [Mr. W. H. Sweeney was excused from voting.]

The Board then adjourned.

J. T. SWEENEY, President.

Teste: LUTHER H. THOMPSON, Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE to amend and reordain sections 1, 2 and 3 of chapter V of the code of this city of 1873.

Whereas the code of 1873 requires West street to be parallel with Fairfax street, and fixes the distance between the two; and

Whereas monuments have been set on West street for many years, the line of which monuments is not parallel with Fairfax street, and is thirteen and one-fourth (13 1/4) inches too far west at First street, and twenty (20) inches too far west at Prince street; and

Whereas the code of 1873 requires all east and west streets to be parallel with King street as now built up and fixes the distance of said streets from said street, the fact being that King street has four (4) angles in the same; and

Whereas monuments have been set in Franklin street for many years on a straight line, and the line of said monuments is not parallel to King street, or the proper distance from King street as called for by said code; and

Whereas the said code fixes the width of all streets and the dimensions of all squares and requires the north and south streets to be parallel with Fairfax street; and

Whereas in times past these requirements have not been complied with and the squares have been built up in locations varying from two (2) inches to six (6) feet too far west; and

Whereas the said code fixes the width of all north and south streets and the dimensions of all squares and requires the north and south streets to be parallel with King street; and

Whereas in times past these requirements have not been complied with and the squares have been built up in locations varying from two (2) inches to four (4) feet too far north and south; and

Whereas, owing to these conditions, it is impossible to properly survey lots in accordance with the requirements of said code, Section 1. Therefore, be it ordained by the City Council of Alexandria, that the Committee on Streets and the City Engineer are hereby authorized and required to relocate the monuments of said streets, and to relocate each square, independent of the exact requirements of the distances from King street and Fairfax street as fixed by said code, and independent of the old monuments on West and Prince streets, observing the following requirements:

(1) That the monument line of all north and south streets be parallel to Fairfax street, except West street, the monument line of that street to be the line of the old monuments.

(2) That the monument line of King street shall remain as fixed by said code of 1873, and that the monument line of the other east and west streets be fixed so that instead of the angles in King street remaining, the monument line of east and west streets be gradually straightened as they recede from King street until Oronoco and Franklin streets be reached, the monument line of these streets east of West street to be straight and parallel to each other, and to all streets north of Oronoco street and south of Franklin street.

(3) That the length and breadth of each square remain as fixed by said code of 1873.

(4) That in re-locating the position of each square due consideration be given to the position of such buildings of a permanent character as may now be built upon such square, within the length and breadth of each square as fixed by said code, and due consideration be given to the direction of the street.

(5) That the short or excess measurement of lots from the street corners be taken by the location of squares as aforesaid be taken from or thrown into the street.

(6) That the direction of all east and west streets west of West street be at right angles to West street.

Section 2. This ordinance shall be in force from its passage.

Passed the Common Council May 10, 1904.

FRED J. PAFF, President.